• M. Sc. in ZOLOGY

FACULTY OF LIFE SCIENCE

• **SECOND SEMESTER** (EVEN SEMESTER)

Eligibility Criteria (Qualifying Exams)	Course Code	Course Type	Course (Paper/Subjects)		Course (Paper/Subjects) Credits		Contact Hours Per WeeK			EoSE Duration (Hrs.)	
Exams)					L	Т	P	Thy	P		
ou ers	ZOO 201	CCC	Genetics and Cytogenetics	5	4	2	00	3	00		
inati pap	ZOO 211	CCC	Genetics and Cytogenetics- LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3		
r examination arrear papers	ZOO202	CCC	Principles of Gene Manipulation	5	4	2	00	3	0		
ster ck/ ;	ZOO 212	CCC	Principles of Gene Manipulation -LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3		
of back/	ZOO 203	CCC	Structure and Function of Genes	5	4	2	00	3	0		
sts er of	ZOO213	CCC	Structure and Function of Genes -LABORATORY WORK	2	00	00	3	00	3		
the First	ZOO221	PRJ/FST/EST	SOCIAL OUTREACH AND SKILL DEVELOPMENT	6	00	00	9	00	4		
nur l	ZOO B01	ECC/CB	ENVIRONMENTAL AND FOREST LAWS								
After appearing in the First semester examination irrespective of any number of back/ arrear papers	ZOO B02	ECC/CB	Fish Biology - Evolution and Functional Anatomy of Fish	6	4	3	00	3	00		
ear ve	ZOO B03	ECC/CB	Fish Biology - Aquatic Resources and Their Conservation-	0	4	3	00	3	00		
After appea irrespective	ZOO B04	ECC/CB	Fish Biology -Aquaculture								
Aff				TOTAL= 32							

M.Sc(ZC	M.Sc(ZOOLOGY) IIND SEMESTER					
COURS	COURSE CODE: ZOO 201 COURSE TYPE: CCC					
COURSE TITLE: Genetics and Cytogenetics						
CREDIT:7			HOURS:135			
THEORY: 5 PRACTICAL:2			THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL:45		
	·	MARI	KS			
THEORY: 100 (30+70) PRACTICAL:33						
OBJE	CTIVE: This c	ourse is aimed	towards generat	ting fundamental		
knowle			s and cytogenetic			
- 1 -	Mendel's laws and	their chromosoma	l basis; extension of	f Mendel's principles:		
UNIT-1- Hours	allelic variation ar	d gene function- i	ncomplete dominanc	ce and co-dominance,		
TI S	allelic series, testin	g gene mutations for	or allelism; gene acti	ion- from genotype to		
15	phenotype- penetra	nce and expressivity	, gene interaction, ep	istasis, pleiotropy		
-5 S	Nature of the gene	and its functions:	evolution of the con-	cept of the gene, fine		
UNIT-2- Hours	structure of gene (rII locus); methods of gene mapping: 3- point test cross in					
UNIT-2- 25 Hours	Drosophila, gene mapping in humans by linkage analysis in pedigrees.					
25						
! %	Gene mutation and	DNA repair: types	of gene mutations, me	ethods for detection of		
UNIT-3- Hours	induced mutations, P- element insertional mutagenesis in <i>Drosophila</i> , DNA					
UNIT-3- 15 Hours			_	erp operons of E. coli,		
15	general introduction	n to gene regulat	ion in eukaryotes a	at transcriptional and		
	posttranscriptional levels, organization of a typical eukaryotic gene, transcription					
	factors, enhancers a	nd silencers, non co	ding genes.			
4 S	Sex determination	and dosage comp	ensation: sex deterr	mination- in humans,		
NIT	Drosophila and other animals; dosage compensation of X-linked genes-					
T. T.	hyperactivation of X-linked gene in male Drosophila, inactivation of X-linked					
UNIT-4 -15 Hours	genes in female mammals; human genetics- karyotype and nomenclature of					
	metaphase chron	osome bands; c	chromosome anoma	alies and diseases-		
	chromosomal anoi	nalies in malignan	cy (chronic myeloic	d leukemia, Burkitt's		
	lymphoma, retinob	astoma and Wilms'	tumor); genetic analy	ysis of complex traits -		
				traits; human genome		
	and mapping.					

UNIT-5-

Genetics and cancer: oncogenes- tumor inducing retroviruses and viral oncogenes; chromosome rearrangement and cancer; tumor suppressor genes- cellular roles of tumor suppressor genes, prb, ps3, papc, genetic pathways to cancer.

- 1. Study of mutant phenotypes of *Drosophila*.
- 2. Demonstration of law of segregation using *Drosophila* mutants.
- 3. Study of law of independent assortment.
- 4. Demonstration of sex- linkage by using white mutation of *Drosophila*.
- 5. Demonstration of dosage compensation in *Drosophila* males and females.

6. Demonstration of Green Fluorescence and Red Fluorescence protein for monitoring gene expression.

7. Targeted tissue specific expression of a gene using UAS-Gal4 System in *Drosophila*.

- 8. Preparation and study of metaphase chromosomes from mouse bone marrow:
- a. Chromosome banding (C, G, H banding).
- b. Study the differences in number, shape and size of chromosomes in normal vs. tumor cells, or normal vs. irradiated cells.
- c. Preparation of human karyotype and study of chromosomal aberrations with respect to number, translocation, deletion etc. from the pictures provided.
- 9. Study of transcriptional activity in polytene chromosome upon heat shock induction by uridine incorporation.
- 10. Study of sex chromatin in buccal smear and hair bud cells (Human).
- 11. Study of Hardy– Weinberg equilibrium in human population by taking the example of blood group system (ABO).

LABORATORY VORK (ZOO-21

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Principles of Genetics, Snustad and Simmons, (4th Ed. 2005), John Wiley & Sons, USA
- 2. Modern Genetic Analysis: Integrating Genes and Genomes, Griffiths, J.F., Gelbart, M., Lewontin, C. and Miller, W. H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA
- 3. *Genetics*, J. Russell, Benjamin-Cummings Publishing Company, San Francisco, California, USA

M.Sc(ZO	OLOGY)		IIND SEMESTER			
COURSE	CODE: 7		COURSE TYPE: CCC			
	COURSE TITLE: Principles of Gene Manipulation					
	CR	EDIT:7	но	URS:135		
THEORY: 5 PRACTICAL:2			THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 45		
		MARK	S			
	THEORY	Y: 100 (30+70)	PRACTICAL: 33			
		This course is aimed to	_	C		
knowled		epts related to principle ombinant DNA techniques				
T-1		_				
N For		modification systems, vari	•	in recombinant DNA		
UNIT-1	technology	, restriction maps and mapp	ing techniques;			
<i>I</i> -						
7 ×	Nucleic a	cid probes, blotting techn	iques, DNA finger	printing, footprinting,		
TIN mo	methyl interference assay. Polymerase chain reaction—methods and applications.					
E H						
UNIT-2 -18 Hours						
<u>د</u> ي	Basic biolo	ogy of cloning vectors: plasn	nids, phages, single s	stranded DNA vectors,		
UNIT-3	high capacity vectors, retroviral vectors, expression vectors and other advanced					
H &	vectors in use. Gene cloning strategies: methods of transforming E. coli and other					
-18	cells with	rDNA; methods of select	ion and screening	of transformed cells;		
	construction	on of genomic and cDNA	nic and cDNA libraries; strategies of expressing cloned			
	genes; pha	ge display.				
S	Principles	of DNA sequencing, auto	mated sequencing	methods; synthesis of		
UNIT-4 18 Hours	oligo- nucleotides, primer design; micro-arrays; confocal microscopy; changing					
NI H	genes- directed evolution, protein engineering in microbes.					
U 18						
	Manipulat	ing genes in animals: g	ene transfer to a	nimal cells genetic		
UNIT-5	•	on of animals, transgenic tec				
ТТ-: Нои	-	y; genetically modified org				
NO 78		ene silencing, gene therapy, s	_			
-1	models, ge	me shellenig, gene therapy, s	omatic and germi m	io diorupy.		

1 Plasmid DNA isolation: minipreps.

- 2. Agarose gel electrophoresis of isolated plasmid.
- 3. DNA quantization and purity of DNA.

LABORATORY WORK (ZOO-212)

- 4. Restriction enzyme digestion of plasmid DNA.
- 5. Purification of DNA from an agarose gel.
- 6. Vector and insert ligation.
- 7. Preparation of competent cells and storage.
- 8. Transformation of *E. coli* with standard plasmids, calculation of transformation efficiency.
- 9. Polymerase Chain Reaction, using standard 16S rRNA eubacterial primers.

SUGGESTEL READINGS

- 1. Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomics a short course, Watson et al., W. H. Freeman and Company, New York, USA
- 2. Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, Primrose, S. B. and Twyman, R. M., (7th Ed. 2006), Blackwell Publishing, West Sussex, UK
- 3. Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and application of recombinant DNA, Bernard R. and Jack, ASM Press, Herndon, USA

M.Sc(ZOO	,		IIND SEMESTER			
COURSE CODE: ZOO 203 COURSE TYPE: CCC						
	COURSE TITLE: Structure and Function of Genes					
	CREDIT:7	HOURS:135				
THEORY: 5 PRACTICAL:2		THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL:45			
	MARKS	5				
	THEORY: 100(30+70)	PRACT	TCAL:34			
OBJECT	TIVE: This course is aimed to	towards generati	ing fundamental			
knowledg	e, concepts related to structur					
	Structure of nucleic acids- struc	ture of nucleic aci	ids, folding motifs,			
. S.	conformation flexibilities, denaturation	on, renaturation, kine	tics of hybridization,			
T-1 Ou	super-coiling of DNA, packaging	of DNA in the m	ucleus, structure of			
UNIT-1-	chromatin, chromatin territories. Genetic material and its evolution- structure					
76	and function relationships, evolution of genetic material, genes and genomes.					
	generally series and generally series and generally series and generally					
2. 2.	DNA replication, recombination and repair- energetics of nucleic acid					
no,	polymerization, accuracy during flow of genetic information, DNA					
UNIT-2	polymerases, proof- eading activity, e	errors and damage in t	the DNA, mechanism			
-20	of DNA repair; genome instability;					
ن ي	Transcriptional control of gene expr	ession- positive and	negative regulations,			
III mo	RNA polymerases, promoters and regulatory sequences, activators and					
E H	repressors of transcription, transcription initiation by RNA polymerases,					
UNIT-3	regulation of transcription-factor a	activity, elongation	and termination of			
•	transcription.					
	Post-transcriptional gene control and	nuclear transport- vpe	es of introns and their			
t US	splicing, evolution of introns, catalyt					
10 <i>1</i>		•				
UNIT-4 -20 Hours	diversity, regulation of Pre-mRNA	Trocessing, inicio K	and other non-			
-2	coding RNAs, degradation of RNA.					

UNIT-5-	Transport across the nuclear envelope and stability of RNA- structure of nuclear membrane and nuclear pore complexes, processes of nuclear import and export and their regulation, degradation of RNA. Translational machinery and translational control -energetics of amino acid polymerization, tRNAs and their modifications, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases, accuracy during aminoacylation of
	tRNA, regulation of initiation of translation in eukaryotes, elongation and its control, inhibitors of translations.
LABORATORY WORK (Z00-213)	 Studies on structure of Gene Familiarization with sterile-handling techniques for growth of bacteria, such as sterilization, growth media, types of culture etc. Isolations of genomic DNA from bacteria and mouse/rat liver. Measurement of absorption-spectrum of DNA, RNA, and nucleotides. Studies on denaturation of DNA and determination of Tm and calculation of G:C content. Studies on stability of DNA and RNA towards alkali. Studies on regulation of gene-expression in bacteria Studies on growth curve of <i>E.coli</i> in synthetic medium and calculation of log-phase for metabolic experiments. Studies on induction of <i>lac</i>-operon. Studies on catabolite repression of <i>lac</i>-operon and role of cAMP. Generation and selection of mutants for <i>lac</i>-operon, calculation of mutation-frequency.
SUGGESTED READINGS	1. <i>Molecular Biology of the Gene</i> , Watson <i>et al.</i> ,(5th Ed. 2004), Pearson Education, Delhi, INDIA 2. <i>Genes IX</i> , Lewin, (9TH Edition 2008), Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Boston, USA

M.Sc(ZOOLOGY) IIND SEMESTER

COURSE CODE: ZOOB 01 COURSE TYPE : ECC

COURSE TITLE: FOREST AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS

CREDIT: 06 HOURS: 90

THEORY: 06 THEORY: 90

MARKS: 100

THEORY: 70 CCA: 30

OBJECTIVE:

- Understands the concept and place of research in concerned subject
- Gets acquainted with various resources for research
- Becomes familiar with various tools of research
- Gets conversant with sampling techniques, methods of research and techniques of analysis of data
- Achieves skills in various research writings
- Gets acquainted with computer Fundamentals and Office Software Package .

	EVOLUTION OF FOREST AND WILD LIFE LAWS
	a) Importance of Forest and Wildlife
- 1 rs	b) Evolution of Forest and Wild Life Laws
UNIT - 18 Hrs	c) Forest Policy during British Regime
UN 18	d) Forest Policies after Independence.
	,
	e) Methods of Forest and Wildlife Conservation.
	FOREST PROTECTION AND LAW
. 2	a) Indian Forest Act, 1927
II.	b) Forest Conservation Act, 1980 & Rules therein
UNIT - 18 Hrs	c) Rights of Forest Dwellers and Tribal
	c) The Forest Rights Act, 2006
	d) National Forest Policy 1988
	WILDLIFE PROTECTION AND LAW
S	
IT.	a) Wild Life Protection Act, 1972
UNIT 18 H	b) Wild Life Conservation strategy and Projects
	c) The National Zoo Policy

	CHADTED	DACIC CONCEDES			
		- BASIC CONCEPTS Maning and definition of anningment			
	a.	Meaning and definition of environment.			
	b.	Multidisciplinary nature of environment			
	C.	Concept of ecology and ecosystem			
	d.	Importance of environment			
	e.	Meaning and types of environmental pollution.			
	f	Factors responsible for environmental degradation.			
- 4 - 18	CHAPTER-	INTRODUCTION TO LEGAL SYSTEM			
NIT - 18 Hrs	a.	Acts, Rules, Policies, Notification, circulars etc			
	b.	Constitutional provisions on Environment Protection			
1	c.	Judicial review, precedents			
	d.	Writ petitions, PIL and Judicial Activism			
	CHAPTER	- LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR POLLUTION			
	CONTROL				
	a)	Air Pollution and Law.			
	b)	Water Pollution and Law.			
	c)	Noise Pollution and Law.			
	/	LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK FOR ENVIRONMENT			
	PROTECTION				
	a)	Environment Protection Act & rules there under			
	b)	Hazardous Waste and Law			
	c)	Principles of Strict and absolute Liability.			
	d)	Public Liability Insurance Act			
w	e)	Environment Impact Assessment Regulations in India			
NIT -	CHAPTER -	- ENVIRONMENTAL CONSTITUTIONALISM			
UN 188	a.	Fundamental Rights and Environment			
,		i) Right to EqualityArticle 14			
		ii) Right to InformationArticle 19			
		iii) Right to LifeArticle 21			
		iv) Freedom of Trade vis-à-vis Environment Protection			
	b.	The Forty-Second Amendment Act			
	c.	Directive Principles of State Policy & Fundamental Duties			
		Judicial Activism and PIL			

Bharucha, Erach. <u>Text Book of Environmental Studies.</u> Hyderabad : University Press (India) Private limited, 2005.

Doabia, T. S. <u>Environmental and Pollution Laws in India</u>. New Delhi: Wadhwa and Company, 2005.

Joseph, Benny. <u>Environmental Studies</u>, New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2006.

Khan. I. A, <u>Text Book of Environmental Laws.</u> Allahabad: Central Law Agency, 2002.

Leelakrishnan, P. <u>Environmental Law Case Book.</u> 2nd Edition. New Delhi: LexisNexis Butterworths, 2006.

Shastri, S. C (ed). <u>Human Rights, Development and Environmental Law, An Anthology.</u> Jaipur: Bharat law Publications, 2006.

Environmental Pollution by Asthana and Asthana, S, Chand Publication

Environmental Science by Dr. S.R.Myneni, Asia law House

Gurdip Singh, Environmental Law in India (2005) Macmillan.

Shyam Diwan and Armin Rosencranz, Environmental Law and Policy in India – Cases, Materials and Statutes (2nd ed., 2001) Oxford University Press.

JOURNALS:-

Journal of Indian Law Institute, ILI New Delhi. Journal of Environmental Law, NLSIU, Bangalore.

MAGAZINES:-

Economical and Political Weekly Down to Earth.

M.Sc(ZOC				IIND SEMESTER			
COURSE	COURSE CODE: ZOO B02 COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB						
COURSE	COURSE TITLE: Evolution and Functional Anatomy of Fish						
		Theor	У				
	CRE	DIT:6	НО	URS:90			
THEORY	: 6	PRACTICAL:0 MARK	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL:0			
		WAKE	X B				
	THEORY:	100 (30+70)	PRAC	TICAL:0			
		main objective is to	-				
importan		the students know th					
I-1 Irs	_	versity and distribution-	_	, , ,			
UNIT-1 Hours	fishes, evol	lutionary strategies and m	orphological innovati	ons, gene and genome			
D ##	duplication	, evolutionary genetics	s, biogeographical	distribution, methods			
UNIT-1	employed i	n phylogenetic studies an	d fish identification, f	ish barcoding.			
UNIT-2 -15Hours	Fish as a research model. Body form, swimming mechanisms and buoyancy regulation- propulsive systems, hydrodynamic analyses, swimming modes, fish biomodelling, bioenergetics, strategies for buoyancy regulation. Gas exchange, internal transport and homeostasis- aquatic and aerial respiration, cardiovascular physiology, hematology, fish leucocytes, phagocytes, lymphoid organs, gas transport, osmoionic regulation, acid- base balance, nitrogen excretion and metabolism.						
£-3	Sensory	systems- photoreception	on, chemoreception	, mechanoreception,			
III O	electroreception. Adaptations to environmental extremes- temperature, pressure,						
UNIT-3	stressors. Growth and metabolism- regulation of food intake by neuropeptides						
.20	and hormo	nes, environmental factor	s and feed intake, dig	gestive physiology and			
'		gestibility in fishes, nutriti					
	nation dig	socionity in rishes, natriti	onar onorgone, grown				
<u> </u>							

Defense mechanism- integument and Immune system, development of immune system, cells and tissues of the fish immune system, modulators of fish immune responses, humoral and cell mediated immune defense, fish antibody molecules and their effector functions. Reproductionreproductive strategies, environmental and endocrine factors regulating reproductive cycles, hormonal and molecular mechanisms of oogenesis, spermatogenesis, oocyte maturation and spermiation, fertilization, mechanism of sex determination, maternal factors in early development. Endocrines- piscine endocrine glands, hormones and their role in appetite, osmoregulation, calcium metabolism, cardiovascular regulation and behaviour, hormone receptors in fish, endocrine disruption, behaviour and cognition patterns of migration, orientation and homing, schooling, feeding, background adaptations, parental care. 1. Biology of Fishes, Bone, Q. and Moore, R., Talyor and Francis Group, CRC Press, U.K. 2. The Physiology of Fishes, Evans, D. H. and Claiborne, J. D., Taylor and Francis Group, CRC Press, UK 3. The Senses of Fish Adaptations for the Reception of Natural Stimuli, von der Emde, R., Mogdans, J. and Kapoor, B. G., Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, INDIA

,			IND SEMESTER		
	COURSE CODE: ZOO B03 COURSE TYPE: ECC/CE				
COURSE TITLE: Aquatic Resources and Their Conservation					
	CREDIT:6	HOURS:90			
THEORY		THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 0		
	MARKS				
THEORY:100(30+70) PRACTICAL: 0			RACTICAL: 0		
OBJEC'	TIVE: This course is aimed t	owards generatii	ng fundamental		
knowled	ge, concepts related to aquatic r				
-1- 77S	Riverine fisheries- important river sy	stems and their hydr	ological conditions,		
JNIT-1- Hours	flora and fauna with special reference	e to fisheries, dams a	and their impact on		
UNIT-1-	riverine fisheries, fish ladders, inter-	inking of rivers and	d likely impact on		
ľ	fisheries. Cold water fisheries - ecolo	gy of hill streams, b	iology of important		
cold water fishes of India, recreational fishing. Lacustrine fisheries					
	lakes and lake morphology, light, ten	nperature and density	relationship in the		
	lacustrine ecosystems, heat energy and water movements, oxygen and other				
	dissolved gases in lakes, pH and redox potential, fisheries profile and potential				
	of major Indian lakes.				
	Estuarine fisheries- major estuarine s	ystems of India, hyd	rography, flora and		
S	fauna with special reference to fisheries. Marine fisheries – coastal and deep sea				
F-2- our	fisheries, permanent and seasonal stratification, upwelling, the photic zone,				
UNIT-2- 18Hours	control of primary production by light and nutrients availability, chemical				
3 <i>I</i>	properties of sea water, biology of important fishes (sardine, mackerel, tuna),				
	marine protected areas.				
	Integrated resources- coastal wet lands, mangroves, coral reefs, sea grasses and				
50	their conservation. Fishing techniques technologies for localizing catches-				
UNIT-3-	remote sensing, sonar, radar; craf	ts and gears. Stoc	k assessment and		
MIT Ho	management.				
[] []					

Natural markers- morphological analyses, environmental signals, genetic analyses; Applied markers- marking and tagging, Stock identification data analysis - stock composition analysis, age and growth, fecundity estimation, application of statistical methods in fisheries. Fish conservation- fishing laws and regulation, permitting. Post harvest technology-- Fish spoilage, rigor mortis, rancidity, enzymatic spoilage, microbial spoilage; Fish preservation and processing- handling of fish at harvest/onboard, principles of fish preservations, methods of preservation, problems associated with fish preservations, quality control, fishery by-products. Aquatic pollution- types and sources, impact of pollution on aquatic organisms, ecosystem analysis- bio-indicators, biomonitoring, environmental factors and fish health, xenobiotics. Waste management- national and international standards. Extension services - basic principles and emerging issues of extension, role of information and communication technology in fisheries extension. 1. Computers in Fisheries Research, Megrey, B. A. and Moksness, E. (2009), Springer, USA 2. Biological Invasions in Marine Ecosystems Ecological, Management and Geographic Perspectives. Rilov, G. and Jeffrey, A. C. (2009), Springer-Verlag, GERMANY 3. Handbook of Fisheries and Aquaculture, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, ICAR, (2006), DIPA, New Delhi, INDIA

M.Sc(ZC	c(ZOOLOGY) IIND SEMESTER				
COURS	E CODE: ZOO B04		COURSE TYPE: ECC/CB		
COURSE TITLE: Aquaculture					
	CREDIT:6		HOURS:90		
THEOR	Y: 6 PRACTI	CAL:0	THEORY: 90	PRACTICAL: 0	
		MARK	S		
	THEORY: 100(30+70))	PRAC'.	ΓICAL:0	
		ucial for bette	r development and n	nanagement of	
UNIT-1- 18 Hours	Culture technology– freshwater (carps, catfishes, murrels, prawns), brackish water (asian sea-bass, milk fish, mullets, crabs, shrimps), mariculture (mussels, oysters, sea weeds), fish food organisms (algae; <i>Artemia</i> ; zooplankton).				
UNIT-2- 18 Hours	Water Quality Requirements for Aquaculture- Role of temperature, pH, salinity, dissolved oxygen, ammonia, nitrite, nitrate, phosphate, Biological oxygen demand, Chemical oxygen demand. Integrated farming - fish-cum-live stock farming, paddy-cum-fish farming, aquaculture engineering- aquahouse, hatchery, ponds, race ways, recirculating system, cage, pen.				
UNIT-3- 18 Hours	If y, fingerings and addits. Nutrition of aquatic animals - nutritional requirements				

UNIT-4-18 Hours

Setting up of display aquarium- freshwater and marine aquaria, selection of compatible species, breeding of aquarium fishes. Role of genetics in aquaculture—gynogenesis, androgenesis, triploidy, tetraploidy, hybridization, sex reversal and breeding, production of transgenic fish, impact of GMOs on aquatic biodiversity.

UNIT-5-8 Hours

Fish health- infection and diseases in fish, common fish pathogens, routes of pathogen entry in fish, methods of colonization and spread of pathogens, immune - evasion mechanisms of fish pathogens. Environmental impact of aquaculture-aquacultural wastes and future developments in waste minimization, environmental consequences of hypernutrification. Fish vaccines-strategy and use in aquaculture.

UGGESTEI READINGS

- 1. Fishponds in Farming Systems, Zijpp, V. D., Verreth, J. A. J., Tri, L. Q., van Mensvoort, M. E. F., Bosma, R. H., and Beveridge, M. C. M., Wageningen Academic Publishers, Netherlands.
- 2. Aquaculture Principles and Practices, Pillay, T. V. R., Blackwell Publishing, USA
- 3. Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology Genetic Approaches, Dunham, R. A., CABI Publishing, USA.